Alcohol & Substance Misuse

Chris Williams

Counselling & Trauma Advisor SWP

Oct 2020



Alcohol - what is it

- Amount of pure alcohol 10ml
- Units The Maths Way (Millilitres × percent volume) ÷ 1000
- Weekly Allowance 14 units

Standard Bottle of Wine 750ml, 14% strength

(750 × 14) ÷ 1000 = **10.5 units**



Units - The Easy Way





Alcohol - what does it do?

Biological effect

- Dehydration Cause of the hangover
- Increased blood flow through capillaries
- Decrease in body temperature
- Depression of many organs and functions of the body including the central nervous system
- Stomach irritation
- Aesthesia
- Alcohol primarily interferes with the ability to form new long-term memories
- Heavy drinking is often associated with malnutrition since there are no vitamins in alcohol
- Drinking too much can weaken your immune system, making your body a much easier target for disease



Alcohol - what does it do?

Neuro chemistry

- alcohol directly leads to the release of endorphins, your body's natural opioids, and dopamine, the neurotransmitter responsible for the reward pathway in our brain
- Alcohol acts on receptors in our brains known as GABA receptors which help induce sleep



Alcohol Misconceptions

- Relieve stress
- Relieve anxiety
- Coffee/exercise/fresh air/food sobers you up
- Eating a meal before drinking stops you getting drunk
- I'm ok to drive in the morning I've been asleep and sobered up
- Makes you more attractive



Alcohol - what it does not do





Alcohol - what it does not do





Alcohol and COVID - 19

Reasons for alcohol use:

- Stress
- Frustration
- Loneliness
- Grief
- Boredom
- Isolation



Alcohol Intake & COVID – 19 – Fact Checking

Consuming alcohol can destroy the virus



Consuming alcohol does not destroy SARS-CoV-2

Alcohol on the breath kills the virus in the air



Alcohol does not disinfect the mouth or provide protection

Alcohol intake is on the rise



No travelling No checking on amounts Just one more won't hurt Services harder to reach New Normal



How do I know there's an issue?

Beware of issues that **SEEP!** – be truthful if alcohol affects you:

- Socially
- Economically
- Emotionally
- Physically

You may want to look at your usage



Cutting Down & Stopping

You should not try to stop drinking without medical help if you

- regularly drink over 15 units of alcohol every day
- drink alcohol soon after you wake up to relieve shakes or sweats
- have had withdrawal symptoms in the past when you've cut back or stopped drinking alcohol
- have epilepsy
- have had seizures
- have seen and heard things that you can't account for when you have cut down or stopped drinking previously



Cutting Down & Stopping

Other tips on what we can do

- Encourage **open dialogue**
- Alcohol agencies
- Review your use
- Go small
- Drink **free** days

- Think in **units** not drinks
- Replace one **habit** with better one
- Never drink for **solace**
- There is **hope**



Over The Counter (OTC) & Prescription Medications

- More people consuming "addictive" prescription medicines such as antidepressants, sleeping pills and opioid painkillers
- The rate of antidepressant prescriptions increased from 15.8% in 2015-16 to 16.6% in 2017-18
- 1 in 4 adults have been prescribed these medicines
- Prescriptions for antidepressants is rising, particularly among women and older adults
- the highest prescribing rates are in areas with greatest social deprivation
- NICE guidelines recommend those with moderate to severe depression should be offered a combination of an **antidepressant and a talking therapy**



Over The Counter (OTC) & Prescription Medications

- Just because you buy it in a shop doesn't make it immune from danger
- OTC can be **addictive**
- Five most abused OTC medicines
 - 5. Laxatives
 - 4. Decongestants
 - 3. Sedative Antihistamines
 - 2. Cough Mixtures
 - 1. Codine Based medication– Co-codamol, Nytol



Alcohol & Substance Misuse

• Questions

